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A KEY TO THE SPECIES OF MORTIERELLA

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A key is provided covering only those species of *Mortierella* of which living cultures are available and which are recognized as specifically distinct. Two subgenera, *Micromucor* subgen. nov. and *Mortierella*, and nine sections in the latter are distinguished. The recognized species are listed with some new synonymies and bibliographic documentation. Three species which were invalidly published by Linnemann in 1936 are validated.

After Linnemann's (*in Zycha & Siepmann, 1970*) and Mil'ko's (*1974*) fairly complete compilations of the species so far described in *Mortierella*, it now seems inappropriate and premature to provide another revision of the genus. This key is mainly written for practical purposes, arising from the need to provide a concise survey of the recognized species. It covers the species of which living cultures are available and which are considered sufficiently distinct to deserve a specific status. A considerable number of species has not been found again since their original description and their status is somewhat doubtful; others are considered to be synonyms of recognised species from their diagnosis and yet others have been synonymized on the basis of available type cultures and, further, some species are not recognized because they have not been validly published. All these taxa have been omitted from this key.

The species grouped around *Mortierella ramanniana* (Möller) Linnem. and *M. isabellina* Oudem. with velvety growth and mostly pigmented sporangia form a distinct group without affinity to other species of the genus. They deserve distinction at a higher than sectional rank but are retained in *Mortierella* for the time being as long as it cannot be decided objectively whether they belong to the Mortierellaceae A. Fischer or rather the Mucoraceae Dumort.

***Mortierella* subgen. *Micromucor* W. Gams, subgen. nov.**

Mucor sect. *Ramannianus* Zycha *in Krypt.-Fl. Brandenb.* 6a: 57. 1935 (nom. inval.; Intern. Code Bot. Nomencl., ed. 1972, Art. 36).

Mucor sect., *Micromucor* Naumov, Opredel. Mukorovykh (Mucorales) (Izd. 2): 27. 1935 (nom. inval., Art. 36).

Mortierella isabellina group Turner *in Trans. Br. mycol. Soc.* 46: 262. 1963 — *Mortierella* sect. *Isabellina* Linnem. *in Zycha & Siepm., Mucorales*: 156. 1970 ('1969') (nom. inval., Art. 36).

MISAPPLIED: *Mortierella* sect. *Pusilla* Linnem., Mucorineen-Gatt. *Mortierella*: 16. 1941 (*M. pusilla* Oudem., a species of doubtful identity, obviously does not belong to this group).

Coloniae velutinae nec arachnoideae, non distincte olentes. Sporangiophora erecta, plus minusve ramosa; sporangia plerumque rubra vel ochracea, pluri- vel unispora, columella parva praesente vel absente. Species typica *Mortierella ramanniana* (Möller) Linnem.

Species of this subgenus show their characters most clearly on 2% malt extract agar. The monographic treatment of this group by Turner (1963) provides a sound base for species delimitation, and her arrangement is followed with some additions.

The other subgenus, *Mortierella*, is characterized by white, arachnoid colonies often with lobed or rosette patterns and mostly with a garlic-like odour. The morphological features of this group are described from cultures growing on soil extract agar or potato-carrot agar, as outlined by Gams (1970), and the arrangement in nine sections, proposed in that paper, has been retained.

While a considerable number of species remains doubtful and might eventually be elucidated when isolates become available which cannot be identified with this key, some old species have already been rediscovered recently and a number of new species has been added (Gams, 1976). The locations of the diagnoses and the first discoveries of zygospores of the recognized species, as well as some synonymies, are given at the end of this study.

KEY TO THE SUBGENERA, SECTIONS AND SOME ISOLATED SPECIES

- 1a. Colonies velvety, not exceeding 3 mm in height; sporangia mostly ochraceous or vinaceous, often with a small columella; without distinctive odour . subgen. *Micromucor* (1)
- b. Aerial mycelium consisting of longer, ascendent or prostrate hyphae, white, cottony or arachnoid; sporangia usually not pigmented, without or with a rudimentary columella; mostly with a garlic-like odour subgen. *Mortierella* (II) 2
- 2a. Only chlamydospores present (recognizable as *Mortierella* by colony habit and odour) 3
- b. Sporangiophores and sporangia (sporangioles) present 6
- 3a. Chlamydospores smooth-walled: no further species identification possible
- b. Chlamydospores ornamented, not exceeding 30 μm diam. (if bigger, cf. *M. alliacea*) 4
- 4a. Chlamydospores covered with relatively few blunt spines up to $4 \times 1 \mu\text{m}$, terminal or intercalary, mostly 15–26 μm diam.; homothallic. *M. chlamydospora*
- b. Chlamydospores more densely fimbriate 5
- 5a. Chlamydospores mostly terminal, sometimes intercalary, densely covered with straight 1–2 μm long spines, mostly 14–21 μm diam.; heterothallic *M. indohii*
- b. Chlamydospores mostly intercalary, sometimes terminal, with sometimes flexuous blunt spines up to $5 \times 1 \mu\text{m}$, mostly 17–28 μm diam.; zygospores unknown . . . *M. echinospaera*
- 6a. Sporangiophores always unbranched 7
- b. Sporangiophores branched (at least sometimes) 9
- 7a. Sporangiophores usually exceeding 200 μm in length Sect. *Simplex* (1)
- b. Sporangiophores less than 150 μm in length 8
- 8a. Sporangia, at least partly, many-spored; sporangiophores with distinctly widening base (cf. also *M. horticola* in sect. *Stylospora*) Sect. *Alpina* (2)
- b. Sporangia one-spored; very slender sporangiophores arising in dense rows from the aerial hyphae Sect. *Schmuckeri* (3)
- 9a. Sporangiophores racemosely branched with a thick main stem and thin, short branches 10
- b. Branching in another way 11
- 10a. Branches arising above the middle of the sporangiophore Sect. *Mortierella* (4) (if sporangiophores shorter than 100 μm with strongly swollen base, cf. Sect. *Haplosporangium*)

10b. Branches arising from the uppermost part of the sporangiophore in clusters from an inflated region Sect. *Actinomortierella* (5)

11a. Branches arising mainly from the lower part of the sporangiophore (basitonous) 12

 b. Branches arising from the middle or upper part of the sporangiophore (mesotonous or acrotonous) 13

12a. Sporangia containing many, or at least several, smooth or ornamented spores
 Sect. *Hygrophila* (6)

 b. Sporangia one-spored, often ornamented Sect. *Stylospora* (7)

13a. Sporangia many-spored; sporangiophores often bent upwards above an ascendent basal part and with a minute columella Sect. *Spinosa* (8)

 b. Sporangia one- or two-spored; sporangiophores short, with broad base, strongly tapered in the middle part and arising in dense rows from the aerial hyphae
 Sect. *Haplosporangium* (9)

I. Subgenus MICROMUCOR

1a. Sporangia one-spored 2

 b. Sporangia many-spored 3

2a. Sporangia hyaline; colonies white *M. nana*

 b. Sporangia reddish *M. roseo-nana*

3a. Colonies shades of ochraceous-grey; spores slightly angular, 2–3 μm diam.; small chlamydospores scarcely produced *M. isabellina*

 b. Colonies pink, russet or lilac 4

4a. Chlamydospores filled with lipid droplets, abundantly produced; sporangiophores always with a small distinct columella 6

 b. Chlamydospores small and scarce or absent 5

5a. Sporangiophores slightly widened below the sporangium, sporangial wall mostly remaining as a large collarette; small columella often present; spores angular, 2–3 μm diam. *M. longicollis*

 b. Sporangiophores not widened below the sporangium, without a collarette; columella hardly developed; spores angular, 3–4 μm diam. *M. vinacea*

6a. Spores angular; colonies somewhat brownish red *M. ramanniana* var. *angulispora*

 b. Spores rounded; colonies in other red to vinaceous shades 7

7a. Spores ellipsoidal; fungus requiring thiamin *M. ramanniana* var. *ramanniana*

 b. Spores globose; fungus not requiring thiamin *M. ramanniana* var. *autotrophica*

II. Subgenus MORTIERELLA

1. Section SIMPLEX W. Gams

in Nova Hedwigia 18: 37. 1970 ('1969')

1a. Sporangia equal; all many-spored 2

 b. Sporangia unequal; partly many-spored, partly few- or one-spored 9

2a. Clusters of vesicles present near the base of the sporangiophores 3

 b. Clusters of vesicles absent 5

3a. Spores globose, finely warted, 5–7 μm diam. *M. globulifera*

 b. Spores ellipsoidal to cylindrical, smooth-walled 4

4a. Spores 11–16 \times 6–8 μm *M. tuberosa*

 b. Spores 7–9 \times 4–5 μm *M. pilulifera*

5a. Amoeba-like chlamydospores with irregular appendages present *M. amoeboides*

 b. Amoeba-like chlamydospores absent 6

6a. Sporangiophores markedly constricted below the sporangium; spores $9-11 \times 6-7 \mu\text{m}$
M. strangulata

b. Sporangiophores hardly constricted below the sporangium. 7

7a. Columella conspicuous; spores globose, $2-3 \mu\text{m}$ diam. cf. *M. turficola* (Sect. *Hygrophila*)

b. Columella absent; spores much larger 8

8a. Spores $5-6.5 \times 3.5-4 \mu\text{m}$, smooth-walled. *M. rostafinskii*

b. Spores $10-20 \mu\text{m}$ diam., with strongly undulate outer membrane and angular outline
M. ornata

9a. Sporangiophores to $1000 \mu\text{m}$ long and $70 \mu\text{m}$ wide; spores subglobose, almost smooth-walled, about $10 \mu\text{m}$ diam., formed in many-spored sporangia; in addition verrucose spores, $12-25 \mu\text{m}$ diam., are formed in few-spored sporangia; chlamydospores absent
M. simplex

b. Sporangiophores to $600 \mu\text{m}$ long and $30 \mu\text{m}$ wide; spores subglobose, either $8-11 \mu\text{m}$ diam., almost smooth-walled and formed in many-spored sporangia, or $12-24 \mu\text{m}$ and coarsely verrucose and formed in one- or few-spored sporangia; chlamydospore-like hyphal swellings present *M. angusta*

2. Section ALPINA Linnem.

Mucorineen-Gatt. *Mortierella*: 35. 1941

1a. Sporangia always one-spored, globose, finely echinulate cf. *M. horticola* (sect. *Stylospora*)

b. Sporangia, at least partly, many-spored. 2

2a. Spores of many-spored sporangia elongate. 3

b. Spores of many-spored sporangia of other shapes. 4

3a. Fimbriate chlamydospores, $20-60(-120) \mu\text{m}$ diam., present *M. alliacea*

b. Only small, indistinct, smooth-walled chlamydospores occasionally present *M. alpina*

4a. Spores irregularly lobulate *M. polygonia*

b. Spores more or less globose 5

5a. Spores $3-10 \mu\text{m}$ diam; globose chlamydospores, $6-15 \mu\text{m}$ diam., fairly numerous
M. antarctica

b. Spores $3-5 \mu\text{m}$ diam.; chlamydospores absent or scanty and little differentiated, elongate
M. globalpina

3. Section SCHMUCKERI W. Gams

in Nova Hedwigia 18: 38. 1970 ('1969')

1a. Sporangia globose 2

b. Sporangia flattened, $10-15 \mu\text{m}$ diam.; sporangiophores mostly $20-50 \mu\text{m}$ long
M. schmuckeri

2a. Sporangiophores $7-17 \mu\text{m}$ long; spores $5-6 \mu\text{m}$ diam. *M. clausenii*

b. Sporangiophores $25-45 \mu\text{m}$ long; spores $7-12 \mu\text{m}$ diam. *M. camargensis*

4. Section MORTIERELLA

Syn.: Section *Polycephala* Linnem., Mucorineen-Gatt. *Mortierella*: 24. 1941

emend. W. Gams in Nova Hedwigia 18: 38. 1970 ('1969')

1a. Spores with reticulate walls *M. reticulata*

b. Spores with smooth or granulate walls 2

2a. Sporangia up to 5-spored; spores finely warty, $11-16 \mu\text{m}$ diam.; irregularly lobate chlamydospores present in the agar *M. oligospora*

2b. Sporangia many-spored; aerial chlamydospores regularly spinulose 3
 3a. Spores smooth-walled, 10–12 μm diam. *M. polycephala*
 b. Spores finely echinulate, 12–15 μm diam. *M. echinulata*

5. Section *ACTINOMORTIERELLA* (Chalabuda) W. Gams

in Nova Hedwigia 18: 38. 1970 ('1969')

Actinomortierella Chalabuda *in Nov. Sist. niz. Rast.* 1968: 129

1a. Sporangiophores with an apical inflation from which short branches arise; chlamydospores absent 2
 b. Sporangiophores without an apical inflation but with numerous short branches arising close together in the uppermost part of the sporangiophore; chlamydospores present, covered with irregular appendages cf. *M. wolfii* (sect. *Spinosa*)
 2a. Apical inflation forming an apophysis bearing a terminal large sporangium and giving rise to several narrow branches with smaller sporangia; spores ellipsoidal, 4–9 \times 3–6 μm
 M. ambigua
 b. Inflation some distance below the terminal sporangium giving rise to numerous narrow branches; spores globose, 8.5–10 μm diam. *M. capitata*

6. Section *HYGROPHILA* Linnem.

Mucorineen-Gatt. Mortierella: 45. 1941

emend. W. Gams *in Nova Hedwigia* 18: 39. 1970 ('1969')

1a. Sporangiophores not exceeding 120 μm in length; spores more or less globose 2
 b. Sporangiophores longer or spores ellipsoidal-cylindrical 5
 2a. Sporangiophores with branches arising almost from the same point very close to the base; sporangia few-spored; spores 4.5–12 μm diam., finely verrucose
 cf. *M. verticillata* (sect. *Stylospora*)
 (If spores larger than 12 μm diam., cf. *M. hyalina*)
 b. Sporangiophores with branches arising at different levels; sporangia many-spored. . . 3
 3a. Spores 4–7(–10) μm diam.; chlamydospores absent *M. minutissima*
 b. Spores not exceeding 4 μm diam.; chlamydospores present. 4
 4a. Chlamydospores globose, 20–100(–300) μm diam.; spores 2–3 μm diam. *M. macrocystis*
 b. Chlamydospores consisting of widened hyphal branches of irregular shape; spores 2.5–4.0 μm diam. *M. clonocystis*
 5a. Chlamydospores aggregated in rows or clusters. 6
 b. Chlamydospores, if present, not aggregated 8
 6a. Sporangiophores with an inflation below the sporangium; spores more or less globose, 8–12 μm diam. *M. beljakovae*
 b. Sporangiophores not inflated apically; spores ellipsoidal to cylindrical. 7
 7a. Spores with a single membrane, 8–11 \times 4–6 μm *M. zychae*
 b. Spores with a double membrane, 3.5–8 \times 2.0–3.3 μm *M. parazychae*
 8a. Chlamydospores usually exceeding 20 μm diam. 9
 b. Chlamydospores smaller or absent 12
 9a. Spores globose, 6–10 μm diam., minutely striate; chlamydospores 50–100 μm diam., covered with short fimbriate hyphae *M. sclerotella*
 b. Spores ellipsoidal or reniform, smooth-walled 10
 10a. Spores irregularly reniform, 18–26 \times 8–12 μm ; chlamydospores 40–60 μm diam.
 M. armillariicola
 b. Spores ellipsoidal, smaller. 11

11a. Spores short-ellipsoidal, $14-16 \times 9-11 \mu\text{m}$; chlamydospores $35-50 \mu\text{m}$ diam., thick- and smooth-walled *M. gemmifera*

 b. Spores ellipsoidal-fusiform, $5.5-8.5 \times 2.0-3.0 \mu\text{m}$; chlamydospores to $40 \mu\text{m}$ diam., thin-walled, sometimes with papillate appendages *M. elongatula*

12a. Spores globose to subglobose 13

 b. Spores distinctly elongate 17

13a. Spores completely or almost smooth-walled 14

 b. Spores with distinctly ornamented wall 16

14a. Spores $3-5 \mu\text{m}$ diam. *M. basiparvispora*

 b. Spores much larger 15

15a. Sporangiophores with apophysis-like inflation; spores smooth-walled, $8-12 \mu\text{m}$ diam.; chlamydospores often in groups *M. beljakovae*

 b. Sporangiophores without any inflation; spores minutely roughened, $8-25 \mu\text{m}$ diam.; chlamydospores formed solitarily *M. hyalina*

16a. Sporangiophores 320—over $500 \mu\text{m}$ long; spores $8-10(-14) \mu\text{m}$ diam., echinulate *M. echinula*

 b. Sporangiophores $60-160(-260) \mu\text{m}$ long; spores $6-12(-16) \mu\text{m}$ diam., verrucose *M. verrucosa*

17a. Spores crescent-shaped, $15-20 \times 5-9 \mu\text{m}$ *M. selenospora*

 b. Spores cylindrical or ellipsoidal 18

18a. Sporangiophores $2-3 \text{ mm}$ long, $18-20 \mu\text{m}$ wide at the base; spores $5-10 \times 3-5 \mu\text{m}$; chlamydospores absent *M. bainieri*

 b. Sporangiophores shorter and/or more slender and/or spores smaller 19

19a. Sporangiophores with $8-14 \mu\text{m}$ wide apophysis-like inflation; spores $8-12(-17) \times 4-5(-7) \mu\text{m}$ *M. kuhlmannii*

 b. Sporangiophores without any inflation 20

20a. Homothallic species with numerous naked zygospores produced on malt extract agar; spores fusiform with rounded ends, $9-14 \times 3-6 \mu\text{m}$; chlamydospores absent *M. epigama*

 b. Heterothallic species or zygospores unknown; spores ellipsoidal to cylindrical. 21

21a. Sporangiophores usually with a rather long (to $600 \mu\text{m}$) and mostly $10-12 \mu\text{m}$ wide, unbranched basal portion; spores $3.5-4 \times 2.0-2.5 \mu\text{m}$ cf. *M. jenkinitii* (sect. *Spinosa*)

 b. Sporangiophores branched near the base and/or spores larger and/or more slender 22

22a. Sporangiophores $100-200(-400) \mu\text{m}$ long; spores $6-9 \times 3.0-4.5 \mu\text{m}$; chlamydospores absent *M. sarniensis*

 b. Sporangiophores longer. 23

23a. Sporangiophores up to 1 mm and longer, at the base usually not exceeding $6 \mu\text{m}$ diam., branching in the middle; spores $4.5-8 \times 3-5 \mu\text{m}$ *M. dichotoma*

 b. Sporangiophores mostly not exceeding $400 \mu\text{m}$, $5-15 \mu\text{m}$ wide at the base and $1.5-3.5 \mu\text{m}$ at the tip, with typically basitinous ramification; spores $7-13(-16) \times 3.5-7 \mu\text{m}$ *M. elongata*

7. Section STYLOSPORA Linnem.

Mucorineen-Gatt. *Mortierella*: 20. 1941

1a. Sporangiophores always unbranched; sporangia $7-12 \mu\text{m}$ diam., minutely spinulose *M. horticola*

 b. Sporangiophores basitonusly branched. 2

2a. Sporangia with reticulate walls *M. stylospora*

 b. Sporangia with spinulose or smooth walls 3

3a. Sporangiophores $5-7 \mu\text{m}$ wide at the base, strongly tapering in the middle part to $1.0-1.8 \mu\text{m}$ at the tip; sporangia echinulate, $8-18 \mu\text{m}$ diam. *M. lignicola*

 b. Sporangiophores tapering gradually to $1.5-3.0 \mu\text{m}$ at the tip. 4

4a. Sporangia smooth-walled, 10–25 μm diam. *M. zonata*
 b. Sporangia finely ornamented, smaller. 5
 5a. Sporangia finely spinulose, always one-spored, with the outermost layer firmly attached to the spore. *M. humilis*
 b. Sporangia often few-spored; spores irregularly warty, with a loose outer layer
 M. verticillata

8. Section SPINOSA Linnem.

Mucorineen-Gatt. *Mortierella*: 52. 1941
 emend. W. Gams in Nova Hedwigia 18: 39. 1970 ('1969')

1a. Sporangiophores generally not exceeding 200 μm in length. 2
 b. Sporangiophores typically much longer 4
 2a. Spores globose, 18–25 μm diam., with a double membrane *M. acrotona*
 b. Spores much smaller, with a single membrane 3
 3a. Chlamydospores constantly absent; spores 3–4 μm diam. *M. pulchella*
 b. Chlamydospores scarcely produced, lemon-shaped, about 6 μm diam.; spores 4–7(–10) μm diam. *M. epicladia*
 4a. Sporangiophores with umbellate branches arising from the same level; spores plano-convex, 12–14 \times 5–7 μm *M. umbellata*
 b. Sporangiophores with branches inserted at different levels; spores of other shapes 5
 5a. Spores globose to subglobose 6
 b. Spores ellipsoidal to cylindrical 8
 6a. Spores not exceeding 4 μm diam. *M. parvispora*
 b. Spores larger 7
 7a. Sporangiophores often exceeding 1 cm in length; spores more than 10 μm diam.
 M. nantahalensis
 b. Sporangiophores 200–800 μm long; spores less than 10 μm diam. *M. gamsii*
 8a. Chlamydospores densely covered with blunt spines; spores 4.0–5.5 \times 2.0–3.0 μm
 M. fimbrycystis
 b. Chlamydospores if present, smooth-walled or irregularly lobate. 9
 9a. Spores not exceeding 5.5 μm in length; chlamydospores regularly globose, lemon-shaped, or absent 10
 b. Spores larger; chlamydospores bearing irregularly lobate appendages 11
 10a. Chlamydospores absent or tardily produced and lemon-shaped; sporangiophores 400 to more than 1500 μm tall; spores 3.5–4.0(–5.0) \times 2.0–2.5 μm *M. jenkinii*
 b. Chlamydospores abundantly produced, globose, 20–60 μm diam., thick-walled; sporangiophores usually not exceeding 300 μm ; spores 3–4 \times 1.2–2.0 μm *M. cystojenkinii*
 11a. Sporangia leaving a pronounced collarette; spores with a double membrane *M. wolfii*
 b. Sporangia not leaving a collarette but with a trace of a columella; spores with a single membrane *M. exigua*

9. Section HAPLOSPORANGIUM (Thaxt.) W. Gams

in Nova Hedwigia 18: 40. 1970 ('1969')
Haplosporangium Thaxt. in Bot. Gazette 58: 362. 1914.

Sporangia one- or two-spored *M. bisporalis*

THE RECOGNIZED SPECIES OF MORTIERELLA

Epithets in alphabetical order with references to the first descriptions, some important redescriptions and first descriptions of zygospores (Z.), followed by facultative synonyms (S.). Other information is to be found in Zycha & Siepmann (1970), Mil'ko (1974) and Linnemann (1941).

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alliacea Linnem., in Zentbl. Bakt. ParasitKde (II. Abt.) **107**: 225. 1953.
alpina Peyron., Germi atmosferici, Diss. Padova: 17. 1913. Z.: Kuhlman in Mycologia **67**: 674. 1975.
 S.: *M. renispora* Dixon-Stewart in Trans. Br. mycol. Soc. **17**: 214. 1932. Z.: *ibid.*
M. thaxteri Björling in Bot. Notiser 1936: 116.
M. monospora Linnem. in Flora **130**: 210. 1936 (nom. inval., Art. 36).
M. acuminata Linnem., Mucorineen-Gatt. *Mortierella*: 21. 1941.
ambigua B. S. Mehrotra in Mycologia **55**: 291. 1963.
amoeboides W. Gams in Persoonia **9**: 116. 1976.
angusta (Linnem.) W. Gams in Ber. naturw.-med. Ver. Innsbruck **53**: 73. 1963. — *M. polycephala* var. *angusta* Linnem., Mucorineen-Gatt. *Mortierella*: 29. 1941.
antarctica Linnem. apud Zycha & Siepmann, Mucorales: 198. 1970 ('1969') ex Linnem. in Nova Hedwigia **19**: 565. 1971 ('1970').
armillariicola W. Gams in Persoonia **9**: 128. 1976.
bainieri Cost. in Bull. Soc. mycol. Fr. **4**: 150. 1889; Z.: Kuhlman in Mycologia **64**: 325. 1972.
basiparvispora W. Gams & Grinbergs in Persoonia **9**: 130. 1976.
beljakovae Milko in Nov. Sist. niz. Rast. 1973: 83; Gams in Persoonia **9**: 124. 1976. Z.: Kuhlman in Mycologia **64**: 325. 1972 (as *M. 'candelabrum'*).
bisporalis (Thaxt.) Björling in Bot. Notiser 1936: 126. — *Haplosporangium bisporale* Thaxt. in Bot. Gaz. **58**: 363. 1914.
 S.: *M. decipiens* (Thaxt.) Björling in Bot. Notiser 1936: 126. — *Haplosporangium decipiens* Thaxt. in Bot. Gaz. **58**: 364. 1914.
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capitata March. in Bull. Soc. r. Bot. Belg. **29**: 134. 1891. Embree in Trans. Br. mycol. Soc. **46**: 560. 1963.
 S.: *M. vesiculosa* B. S. Mehrotra & al. in Mycologia **55**: 295. 1963.
chlamydospora (Chesters) Plaats-Niterink in Persoonia **9**: 91. 1976. — *Azygozygum chlamydosporum* Chesters in Trans. Br. mycol. Soc. **18**: 213. 1933. Z.: Chesters, l. c.; van der Plaats-Niterink & al., l. c.
claussenii Linnem. in Arch. Mikrobiol. **30**: 265. 1958.
clonocystis W. Gams in Persoonia **9**: 132. 1976.
cystojenkinii W. Gams & Veenbaas-Rijks in Persoonia **9**: 137. 1976.
dichotoma Linnem. in Flora **130**: 215. 1936 (nom. inval., Art. 36).
M. dichotoma Linnem. ex W. Gams, *spec. nov.* Mortierellae elongatae Linnem. similis, sed sporangiophoribus angustioribus, cito procumbentibus, 200 — amplius 750 μ m longis, e 5—6 (—10) μ m sursum ad 2—4 μ m angustatis, irregulariter quasi dichotomice ramosis differt. Sporangia 20—40 μ m diam., dilapsa collare minimum relinquunt. Sporangiosporae ellipsoideae vel breviter cylindricae, plerumque 4—7 \times 2.5—4 μ m. Chlamydosporae elongatae vel irregulares, 5—10 μ m diam. Typus: CBS 221.35, isolatus ex excrementis murinis prope Marburgum in Germania a G. Linnemann. Nov. 1933.
echinosphaera Plaats-Niterink in Persoonia **9**: 91. 1976.
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gamsii Mil'ko, Opredel. mukoral. Gribov: 76. 1974. Z.: Kuhlman in Mycologia **67**: 680. 1975.

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globulifera Rostrup in Dansk bot. Ark. **2**(5): 2. 1916; Turner in Trans. Br. mycol. Soc. **39**: 291. 1956. Z.: Kuhlman in Mycologia **64**: 325. 1972.

S.: *M. ericetorum* Linnem. in Zentbl. Bakt. ParasitKde (II. Abt.) **107**: 228. 1953.

horticola Linnem., Mucorineen-Gatt. *Mortierella*: 21. 1941.

humilis Linnem. in Flora **130**: 209. 1936 (nom. inval., Art. 36). Z.: Chien & al. in Mycologia **66**: 118. 1974.

M. humilis Linnem. ex W. Gams, spec. nov. Coloniae rapide crescunt et fortiter olent. Sporangiophora basitone \pm ramosa, 50–200 μm longa, e 2–4 sursum ad circa 1 μm angustata. Sporangia constanter monospora, 6–15 μm diam., pariete externo verruculoso firme adhaerente, dilapsa nonnumquam collare minutum relinquunt. Species heterothallica; zygosporae inter hyphas compatibilis appropinquantes formantur, hyalinae, leves nec involutae; pariete 2–6 μm crasso circumdatae, (34–)46(–62) μm diam.; alteri suspensori ad diametrum zygosporae similem inflati. Chlamydosporae absunt. Typus: CBS 222.35, isolatus e terra prope Marburgum in Germania, a G. Linnemann, 1934.

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M. zonata Linnem. ex W. Gams, spec. nov. Mortierellae humili Linnem. ex W. Gams similis, sed sporangiis monosporis levibus vel minute verruculosis, membrana laxa adhaerente obtectis, 10–17(–25) µm diam. differt. Sporangiophora 80–200 µm alta, e 5–6(–10) µm sursum ad 1–2 µm angustata. Sporangia dilapsa collare minutum relinquunt. Chlamydosporae parcae, minutae, ovales. Zygosporae ignotae. Typus: CBS 228.35, isolatus e Gomphidio glutinoso, Kirchspitze prope Marburgum in Germania, a G. Linnemann, Aug. 1934.
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